

CPO20190050 is an **OXA-23-producing *Acinetobacter baumannii*** strain from Denmark isolated in 2019

Sequence type:

ST423 (Oxford)

ST2 (Pasteur)

Genotype:

Antimicrobial agent	Resistance gene/mutations
Carbapenems	<i>bla</i> _{OXA-23}
Third generation cephalosporins	<i>bla</i> _{PER-1}
Other beta-lactams	<i>bla</i> _{ADC-25} , <i>bla</i> _{OXA-66}
Colistin	Not detected
Fluoroquinolones	Not detected
Aminoglycosides	<i>aac(3)-Ia</i> , <i>aph(3'')-Ib</i> , <i>aph(3')-VIb</i> , <i>aph(6)-Id</i>
Tetracyclines	Not detected
Trimethoprim	Not detected
Sulphonamide	<i>sul2</i>
Fosfomycin	Not detected

Phenotype:

Antimicrobial agent	Reference MIC (mg/L)	Reference inhibition zone (mm) ¹	Interpretation ²	WT/NWT ³
Cefiderocol	ND	6	ND ⁴	NWT
Imipenem	>16	6	R	NWT
Meropenem	>16	6	R	NWT
Ciprofloxacin	>4	6	R	NWT
Levofloxacin	>2	6-9	R	NWT
Amikacin	>64	10-13	R	NWT
Gentamicin	>16	6-9	R	NWT
Tobramycin	2-4	17-20	S	WT
Tigecycline	0.5-1	-	ND ⁵	ECOFF NA
Colistin	0.5	-	S	WT
Trimethoprim-sulfamethoxazole	>16	6	R	NWT

ND: not determined; NA: not available.

¹Using EUCAST disk diffusion methodology (https://www.eucast.org/ast_of_bacteria/disk_diffusion_methodology)

²SIR-categorization according to The European Committee on Antimicrobial Susceptibility Testing. Breakpoint tables for interpretation of MICs and zone diameters. Version 15.0, 2025. <https://www.eucast.org>.

³Categorization into wild type (WT) or non-wild type (NWT) according to available epidemiological cut-off values (ECOFF) available at <https://mic.eucast.org/>

⁴*Acinetobacter* spp. with zone diameter <17 mm will likely be clinically resistant

⁵Interpretative criteria have not been established